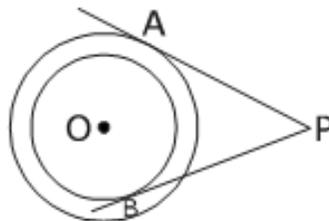


CIRCLES

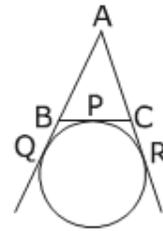
PROPERTIES OF TANGENT TO A CIRCLE (THEOREM 3 AND 4)

EXERCISE

- Q.1 Two tangents TP and TQ are drawn to a circle with centre O from an external point T. Prove that $\angle PTQ = 2\angle OPQ$.
- Q.2 Prove that the lengths of the tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal.
- Q.3 Prove that the angle between the two tangents drawn from an external point to a circle is supplementary to the angle subtended by the line segments joining the points of contact at the centre.
- Q.4 In the adjoining figure, two concentric circles with centre O are of radii 5 cm and 3 cm. From an external point P, tangents PA and PB are drawn to these circles. If AP = 12 cm, then find BP.

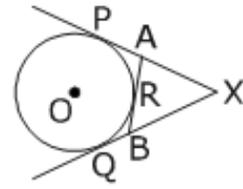


- Q.5** (a) A circle is touching the side BC of a $\triangle ABC$ at P and is touching AB and AC when produced at Q and R respectively.



Prove that $AQ = (\text{perimeter of } \triangle ABC)$.

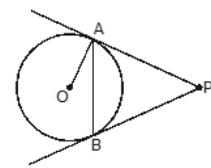
- (b) In the adjoining figure, XP and XQ are two tangents to a circle with centre O from a point X outside the circle. ARB is a tangent to the circle at R. Prove that $XA + AR = XB + BR$.



- Q.6** Two concentric circles are of radii 5 cm and 3 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle.

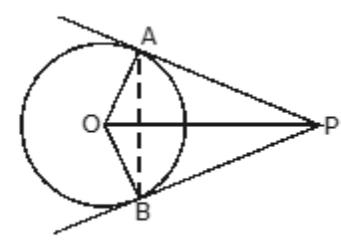
ANS. 8 cm

- Q.7** In the adjoining figure, PA and PB are tangents drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O. Prove that $\angle APB = 2\angle OAB$.



- Q.8** Prove that a parallelogram circumscribing a circle is a rhombus.

- Q.9** In the adjoining figure, PA and PB are tangents to a circle with centre O. If OP is equal to the diameter of the circle, prove that $\triangle ABP$ is an equilateral triangle.



- Q.10** In the given figure, PA and PB are the tangent segments to a circle with centre O.
- Show that the points A, O, B and P are concyclic.

