Possessive Pronoun

Possessive Pronoun:

Possessive pronouns are a type of pronoun that indicates ownership or possession. They replace a noun phrase, eliminating the need to repeat the owner's name or noun.

List of Possessive Pronouns:

A. Singular Possessive Pronouns

• First person: mine

• **Second person:** yours

• Third person (masculine): his

• Third person (feminine): hers

B. Plural Possessive Pronouns

• First person: ours

• **Second person:** yours

• Third person: theirs



Usage and Rules:

A. Replacing the noun: Possessive pronouns take the place of a noun phrase.

Example: That book is mine. (instead of "That book is my book.")

B. Agreement with antecedent: The possessive pronoun must agree in gender and number with the antecedent (the noun being replaced).

Example: Jane found her purse, but the wallet is not hers.

C. No apostrophes: Possessive pronouns do not require apostrophes to show possession.

Incorrect: That car is her's. Correct: That car is hers.

Contrasting with Possessive Adjectives:

- **A. Definition:** Possessive adjectives are used to modify a noun, showing ownership.
- **B.** List: my, your, his, her, its, our, their
- **C. Usage:** Possessive adjectives are followed by a noun, while possessive pronouns stand alone.

Example: That's my book. (possessive adjective) / That book is mine. (possessive pronoun)

Common Mistakes:

A. Confusing possessive pronouns with contractions

It's vs. its: "It's" is a contraction of "it is" or "it has," while "its" is a possessive adjective.

You're vs. your: "You're" is a contraction of "you are," while "your" is a possessive adjective.

B. Misusing "their" and "theirs"

"Their" is a possessive adjective, while "theirs" is a possessive pronoun.

Example: Their car is parked outside. / The car parked outside is theirs.